JOINT MEETING OF THE LAS VEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS COYOTE SPRINGS WATER RESOURCES DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES BIG BEND WATER DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES

SPECIAL MEETING APRIL 26, 2021 MINUTES

CALL TO ORDER 10:01 a.m., Colorado River Conference Rooms,

Southern Nevada Water Authority 100 City Parkway, Las Vegas, Nevada

DIRECTORS PRESENT Marilyn Kirkpatrick, President

Jim Gibson, Vice President

Justin Jones

William McCurdy II

Ross Miller Michael Naft Tick Segerblom

STAFF PRESENT John Entsminger, Kevin Bethel, Doa Ross, Greg Walch

Unless otherwise indicated, all members present voted in the affirmative.

COMMENTS BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC

For full public comment, visit www.lvvwd.com/apps/agenda/lvvwd/index.cfml

Ed Uehling provided comment and expressed disapproval about how the District's budget is funded and balanced.

ITEM NO.

1. Approval of Agenda

FINAL ACTION: A motion was made by Vice President Gibson to approve the agenda for this meeting. The

motion was approved.

2. Las Vegas Valley Water District: Receive an overview and discuss the Fiscal Year 2021/2022 Tentative Budget

John Entsminger, General Manager, presented the District's Fiscal Year 2021-2022 tentative budget. A copy of his presentation is attached to these minutes.

Mr. Entsminger began by providing highlights from the 2020-2021 Fiscal Year, including the growth in new customer accounts, near completion of the first phase of the Las Vegas Boulevard pipeline project, the launch of a new mobile, interactive app, increased water waste enforcement, and refunding activities that saved the District millions of dollars. He also reported on the District's pandemic response and gave an update on capital projects. He gave an overview of the 2021-2022 budget, highlighting the total sources and uses of funds, as well as an outlook of the District's financial reserves.

Director McCurdy asked about the recent news declaring a potential water shortage and what mitigation efforts are in place to ensure the community continues to have a safe and reliable water system. Mr. Entsminger stated that a formal shortage declaration by the federal government in the lower Colorado River is highly probable and will likely be triggered during the August 24-month study by the Bureau of Reclamation. This study will likely project that on January 1, 2022, Lake Mead's elevation will be below 1,075 feet, and the declared shortage will result in Nevada's legal entitlement to Colorado River water be reduced from 300,000 acre-feet to 280,000 acre-feet per year, noting that the community used 250,000 acre-feet of water in 2020, an increase from the previous year. He mentioned that the Authority has been preparing for 20 years, but that the community cannot sustain usage increases and that is why the Authority has enacted multiple conservation initiatives. He also reported that the Nevada Legislature is considering a bill that would require the removal of existing non-functional turf in Southern Nevada by 2026, which if enacted, will save approximately 30,000 acre-feet of water.

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Vice President Gibson asked how the federal declaration would affect banked water resources. Mr. Entsminger said that it won't affect the quantity and that the Drought Contingency Plan removed shortage provisions from temporary resources.

Director McCurdy asked how the federal declaration and the shortage affect the ability to generate electricity at Hoover Dam. Mr. Entsminger stated that over the years, the Bureau of Reclamation has been replacing the Dam's generators to be more efficient at a lower lake level, but the simple fact is that the lower the lake levels, the less head pressure to generate hydropower, resulting in a gradual decline. He also stated that representatives from the seven Basin States are reinitiating consultation, as most rules governing the lower Colorado River water expire December 31, 2026.

Director Segerblom asked if the budget allows for \$3 per square foot of turf removed under the Water Smart Landscaping program to remove all additional non-functional turf in the community. Mr. Entsminger stated that if the Authority were to pay for all remaining non-functional turf, the cost would be more than \$500 million. He stated that the legislation anticipates forming a citizens advisory committee to provide input on how the SNWA could support the legislation.

President Kirkpatrick referenced District's fiber optic project and asked if it would help improve communication across the valley. Doa Ross, Deputy General Manager of Engineering, stated that historically the SCADA's communication was done by radio towers. By installing fiber optic, the District is hardwiring its facilities to each other, which allows for prompt and seamless updates, enhanced security, and removes reliance on communication signals or radio tower disruptions. She stated that this is a coordinated effort with the city and county.

3. Coyote Springs Water Resources District: Receive an overview and discuss the Fiscal Year 2021/2022 Tentative Budget

John Entsminger, General Manager, presented the District's Fiscal Year 2021-2022 tentative budget. A copy of his presentation is attached to these minutes.

4. Big Bend Water District: Receive an overview and discuss the Fiscal Year 2021/2022 Tentative Budget

John Entsminger, General Manager, presented the District's Fiscal Year 2021-2022 tentative budget. A copy of his presentation is attached to these minutes.

Following the agenda items, Director Segerblom asked about the plans for the water pipeline to supply the Ivanpah airport. Mr. Entsminger stated that for the District to provide water service to the I-15 corridor and the Ivanpah airport, a water pipeline will need to run from the District's existing Bermuda facility to the airport. He mentioned that the District has reserved 20 million gallons per day at the Bermuda facility for the provision of that water, but that the Authority does not need new facilities to provide water to the airport. The Horizon Lateral will be built for redundancy and to provide water service to other southern portions of valley. Mr. Entsminger stated that the District has not been asked to begin designing facilities at the airport, noting that it will take approximately five years to design and build them.

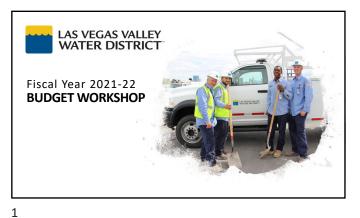
COMMENTS BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC

Ed Uehling provided comment on Las Vegas' water security and the need for an improved tiered pricing system.

Adjournment

There being no further business to come before the board, the meeting adjourned at 10:46 a.m.

Copies of all original agenda items and minutes, including all attachments, are on file in the General Manager's office at the Las Vegas Valley Water District, 1001 South Valley View Boulevard, Las Vegas, Nevada.







WATER USE With the exception of the lockdown months of March and April, monthly water use in 2020 typically exceeded prior years. ■2020 2017-19 Average ■ 2019

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SCADA UPGRADE The District's existing SCADA system is outdated - efficiency, maintenance and repairs are becoming increasingly difficult The new system will support one SCADA platform across LVVWD, the SNWA, and the Big Bend Water District Project estimated to be completed by 2024 FY 21/22 Budget: \$100,000 Total Project: \$462,930

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FIBER OPTICS COMMUNICATIONS **NETWORK BUILD OUT**

A fiber-optic network is an essential step to maintaining water operations and securing the water system.

- Allows Operations and Security teams to control and monitor remote sites using real time data
- Allows LVVWD's Maintenance Engineering teams to manage assets and troubleshoot site conditions without the need to drive to the site
- Project scheduled to be completed by June 2022

FY 21/22 Budget: \$250,000 Total Project: \$8,440,358







LVVWD CAMPUS - COOLING SYSTEM

- The West Administration Building's watercooled chiller system was purchased in 1994, and the system has reached the end of its life
- New equipment will utilize water conservation technologies, forced air cooled chillers and thermal storage
- · Intended to be used as a cooling pilot technology for other large properties, such as resorts or office buildings
- Project expected to be completed this year

FY 21/22 Budget: \$300,000 Total Project: \$300,000

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CENTENNIAL 2635 ZONE RESERVOIR AND 2745 ZONE PUMPING STATION

- 5 million-gallons reinforced concrete reservoir and a 38 million gallons per day pumping station
- · Located in the northwest part of valley (Fort Apache and Centennial)
- · Design is completed; bids are anticipated early summer
- Construction scheduled to be completed by end of 2022

FY 21/22 Budget: \$21,518,119 Total Project: \$33,917,417

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LAS VEGAS BOULEVARD IMPROVEMENTS





Replacement of approx. 30,000 feet of water lines between Sahara Avenue and the CC-215 Beltway

Project is being designed and constructed in 5 phases

- 1: Sahara and Spring Mountain is nearly complete
- 2: Russell Road and 215 has completed design
- 3: Tropicana to Flamingo will bid in early 2022 4: Russell to Tropicana is scheduled to bid this summer
- 5: Flamingo to Spring Mountain will bid in 2023

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2021-22 BUDGET OVERVIEW

2021-22 BUDGET OVERVIEW

Budget uses of funds reflect ongoing capital

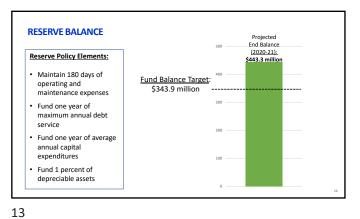
Revenue from water sales recognizes increase in water use community wide

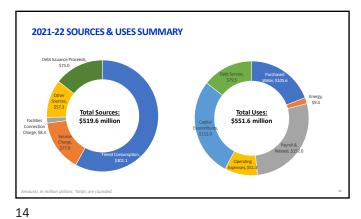
Budget reflects the District's effort to conserve water throughout the service area:

- Pipeline replacements to reduce non-
- revenue water losses Water waste enforcement
- Investments in customer service



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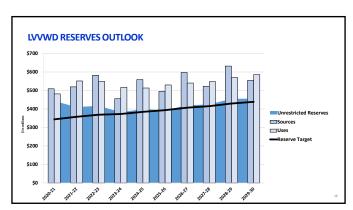




							Bu	dget-to-
		Actual		Budget		Budget		udget
	3	2019-20	_2	020-21	_2	021-22	Va	riance \$
Sources								
Tiered Consumption	\$	267.9	\$	276.7	\$	301.1	\$	24.4
Service Charge		74.0		76.9		77.9		1.0
Backflow Charge		12.2		12.2		12.5		0.3
Reclaimed Water		7.7		6.9		7.3		0.4
Other Water Bill Charges		6.8		9.7		5.3		(4.4)
Facilities Connection Charge		17.6		4.3		8.3		4.0
Application & Inspection Fees		3.1		0.7		1.0		0.3
Investment Income		20.9		6.0		5.4		(0.6)
Springs Preserve		2.0		3.1		1.9		(1.2)
Other Sources		9.4				23.9		23.9
Subtotal		421.6		396.5		444.6		48.0
Debt Issuance Proceeds		7.9		100.0		75.0		(25.0)
IVVWD Sources	S	429.5	s	496.5	S	519.6	s	23.0

Jses	-	Actual 2019-20		Budget 2020-21	Budget 2021-22	udget-to- Budget ariance \$
Purchased Water	\$	101.8	\$	97.1	\$ 105.6	\$ 8.6
Energy		8.4		10.0	9.4	(0.7)
Payroll & Related		136.8		155.8	152.0	(3.8)
Operating Expenses		39.7		67.3	51.3	(16.0)
Capital Expenditures		97.5		147.6	153.9	6.3
Debt Service		67.6		76.3	 79.5	 3.1
VVWD Uses	\$	451.8	s	554.1	\$ 551.6	\$ (2.5)

Actual 2019-20	Budget 2020-21	Budget 2021-22	Budget-to-Budget Variance	
\$ 267.9	\$ 276.7	\$ 301.1	\$ 24.4	
74.0	76.9	77.9	1.0	
12.2	12.2	12.5	0.3	
7.7	6.9	7.3	0.4	
6.8	9.7	5.3	(4.4)	
17.6	4.3	8.3	4.0	
3.1	0.7	1.0	0.3	
20.9	6.0	5.4	(0.6)	
2.0	3.1	1.9	(1.2)	
9.4		23.9	23.9	
421.6	396.5	444.6	48.0	
7.9	100.0	75.0	(25.0)	
429.5	496.5	519.6	23.0	
101.8	97.1	105.6	8.6	
8.4	10.0	9.4	(0.7)	
136.8	155.8	152.0	(3.8)	
39.7	67.3	51.3	(16.0)	
97.5	147.6	153.9	6.3	
67.6	76.3	79.5	3.1	
451.8	554.1	551.6	(2.5)	
	2019-20 \$ 267.9 74.0 12.2 7.7 6.8 17.6 3.1 20.9 9.4 421.6 7.9 429.5 101.8 8.4 136.8 39.7 97.5 67.6	2019-20 2008-21	2019-20 2020-21 2021-22	



2021-22 BUDGET SUMMARY

- Uses of funds are down \$2.5 million from 2020-21 due to savings from the District's Voluntary Separation Plan and cuts to operating expenses
- Sources of funds represent sustained development within the District's service area
- The budget reflects the District's ongoing capital initiatives
- Conservation remains a top priority
- · Funding reserves remain healthy

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• The organization is positioned to withstand ongoing impacts from COVID-19





COYOTE SPRINGS WATER RESOURCES DISTRICT 2021-22 BUDGET SUMMARY Sources Operating Revenues Developer Contributions¹ 3,231 100,000 50,000 (50,000) 3.231 100,000 50.000 (50,000) Operating Expenses Invoiced Developer Costs² 3,231 100,000 50,000 (50,000) 3,231 100,000 50,000 (50,000)

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Water Charges \$ 3,638,936 \$ 3,938,038 \$ 4,218,165 \$ 280,12 Interest Income 1,047 1,256 (1,25 System Development Charges - 6,990 3,495 (3,49 Sales Tax 311,022 210,077 358,314 148,22 Other Sources 579,834 - 500,000 500,00 Subtotal 4,530,840 4,156,361 5,079,975 923,61 Debt Issuance Proceeds - 3,700,000 1,000,000 (2,700,00 Total Sources 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (1,76,38 Uses Energy 365,290 400,000 435,004 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (823,30			Actual 2019-20		Budget 2020-21		Budget 2021-22		Variance \$	
Interest Income	Sources	_		_						
System Development Charges 5,990 3,495 13,495 Sales Tax 311,022 210,077 383,314 148,23 Other Sources 579,834 - 500,000 500,00 Subtotal 4,530,840 4,156,361 5,079,975 922,61 Debt Issuance Proceeds 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (176,38 Uses 5,079,975 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 0,776,38 Use 6,079,975 4,000 435,000 35,00 9,00 7,0	Water Charges	\$	3,638,936	\$	3,938,038	\$	4,218,165	\$	280,128	
Sales Tax 311,022 210,077 358,314 148,22 Other Sources 579,834 - 500,000 500,00 Subtotal 4,530,840 4,156,361 5,079,975 923,61 Debt Issuance Proceeds 4,530,840 7,856,361 1,000,000 (2,700,00 Total Sources 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (1,776,38 Uses Energy 365,290 400,000 435,000 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Interest Income		1,047		1,256		-		(1,256)	
Other Sources 579,834 500,000 500,000 Subtotal 4,580,840 4,156,361 5,079,975 923,61 Debt Issuance Proceeds 4,530,840 7,800,000 1,000,000 (2,700,00 Total Sources 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (1,76,38 Uses Energy 365,290 400,000 435,000 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,732,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (823,30	System Development Charges		-		6,990		3,495		(3,495)	
Subtotal 4,530,840 4,156,361 5,079,975 922,61 Debt Issuance Proceeds 4,530,840 7,856,361 1,000,000 (2,700,00 Total Sources 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (1,776,38 Uses Energy 365,290 400,000 435,000 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Sales Tax		311,022		210,077		358,314		148,237	
Debt Issuance Proceeds - 3,700,000 1,000,000 (2,700,00 Total Sources) Closal Sources 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (1,76,38 U.76,38	Other Sources		579,834		-		500,000		500,000	
Total Sources 4,530,840 7,856,361 6,079,975 (1,776,38 Uses Energy 365,290 400,000 435,000 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Subtotal		4,530,840		4,156,361		5,079,975		923,613	
Uses Energy 365,290 400,000 435,000 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Debt Issuance Proceeds		-		3,700,000		1,000,000		(2,700,000)	
Energy 365,290 400,000 435,000 35,00 Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,3972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Total Sources		4,530,840		7,856,361		6,079,975		(1,776,387)	
Payroll & Related 1,723,384 2,057,574 2,178,124 120,55 Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30 (682,30 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30 1,497,700 (682,30	Uses									
Operating Expenses 2,002,969 2,573,972 2,575,513 1,54 Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Energy		365,290		400,000		435,000		35,000	
Capital Expenditures 2,310,108 2,180,000 1,497,700 (682,30	Payroll & Related		1,723,384		2,057,574		2,178,124		120,550	
	Operating Expenses		2,002,969		2,573,972		2,575,513		1,541	
Debt Service 517,423 792,426 517,423 (275,00	Capital Expenditures		2,310,108		2,180,000		1,497,700		(682,300)	
	Debt Service		517,423		792,426		517,423		(275,003)	
BBWD Uses 6,919,173 8,003,971 7,203,760 (800,21	BBWD Uses		6,919,173		8,003,971		7,203,760		(800,211)	
	BBWD Net Surplus/(Deficit)	\$	(2,388,334)	\$	(147,610)	\$	(1,123,786)	\$	(976,176)	

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